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| CRM08 | Rev 1.10 | Civil | 11-03-22 |
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### CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION - 3

|                     |                        |                         |                |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Dept: Civil<br>Engg | Sem / Div: 3           | Sub: Basic<br>Surveying | S Code: 18CV35 |
| Date: 18-03-22      | Time: 9:30-11:00<br>am | Max Marks: 50           | Elective: N    |

Note: Answer any 2 full questions, choosing one full question from each part.

| QN            | Questions   | Marks | RBT | CO's |
|---------------|---|-------|-----|------|
| <b>PART A</b> |   |       |     |      |
| 1             | a Describe briefly radiation method and intersection method of plane tabling.                                       | 10    | L3  | CO4  |
|               | b Define two point problem. Explain the graphical method of solution of two point problem with figure.              | 10    | L3  | CO4  |
|               | c Write a note on orientation of plane table.   | 5     | L2  | CO4  |
| <b>OR</b>     |   |       |     |      |
| 2             | a What are the advantages and disadvantages of plane table.   | 10    | L2  | CO4  |
|               | b Explain the method of resection by Bessel's three point graphical method.   | 10    | L3  | CO4  |
|               | c List and explain the accessories used in plane table surveying.   | 5     | L2  | CO4  |
| <b>PART B</b> |   |       |     |      |
| 3             | a The following perpendicular offsets were taken at 10m intervals from a survey line to an irregular boundary line. | 10    | L3  | CO4  |

|               |   |               |       |       |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
|---------------|---|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|----|-----|
|               | 3.25, 5.60, 4.20, 6.65, 8.75, 6.20, 3.25, 4.20, 5.65<br>calculate the area enclosed between the survey line, the irregular boundary line, and the first and last offsets, by the application of<br>a) Average ordinate rule<br>b) Trapezoidal rule<br>c) Simpson's rule   |               |       |       |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
|               | b) Discuss the method of determining the areas and volumes.   | 10            | L3    | CO4   |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
|               | c) Explain the different methods of contouring  | 5             | L2    | CO4   |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
| <b>OR</b>     |   |               |       |       |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
| 4             | a) Define contour. Enumerate the characteristics of contour with sketches.  | 10            | L2    | CO4   |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
|               | b) A railway embankment 400m long is 12m wide at the formation level and has the side slope 2 to 1. The ground levels at every 100m along the centre line are as under.<br><table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>Distance in m</td> <td>0</td> <td>100</td> <td>200</td> <td>300</td> <td>400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RL in m</td> <td>204.8</td> <td>206.2</td> <td>207.5</td> <td>207.2</td> <td>208.3</td> </tr> </table> <p>The formation level at zero chainage is 207m and the embankment has a rising gradient of 1 in 100. The ground is level across the centre line. Calculate the volume of earthwork using trapezoidal and prismoidal rule.</p> | Distance in m | 0     | 100   | 200   | 300 | 400 | RL in m | 204.8 | 206.2 | 207.5 | 207.2 | 208.3 | 10 | L3 | CO4 |
| Distance in m | 0   | 100           | 200   | 300   | 400   |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
| RL in m       | 204.8   | 206.2         | 207.5 | 207.2 | 208.3 |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |
|               | c) Explain: a) Contour interval b) Planimeter   | 5             | L2    | CO4   |       |     |     |         |       |       |       |       |       |    |    |     |

Prepared by: Prof. Sumanth A

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